

Mirdterm Scientific Report

Molecular line shape studies for atmospheric remote sensing

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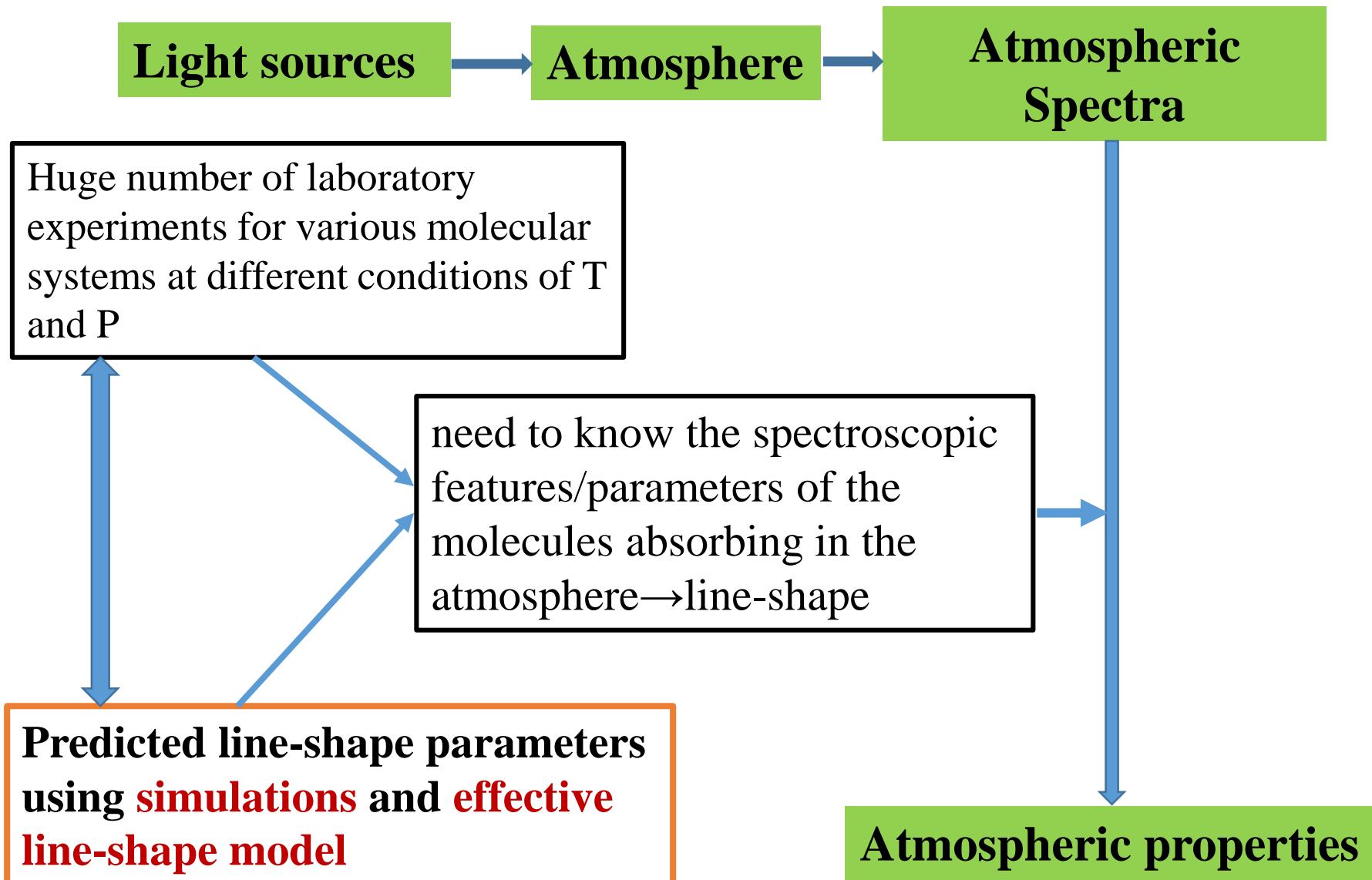
Co-Supervisor: Dr. Ngo Ngoc Hoa, Hanoi University of Education, Vietnam



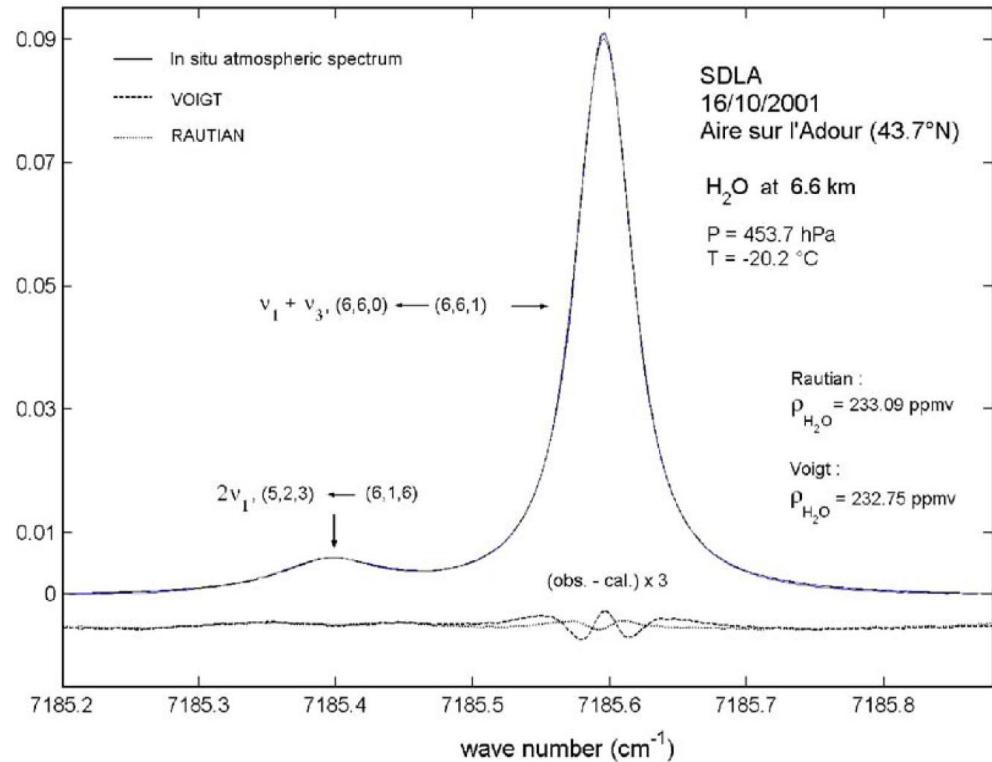
Outline

- Objective of thesis
- Method of research
- rCMDS for CO₂-N₂/O₂ and analysis procedure
- Conclusions and near future working plan
- Scientific activities

The spectroscopy of atmospheric molecules



Line-shape models



In situ absorption spectrum of tropospheric H₂O and its fit using the Voigt profile¹.

¹ G. Durry et al. JQSRT 94 387–403 (2005).

- Collision effect - Γ_L
- Doppler effect - Γ_D
- Dicke effect: velocity changing collisions
- Quadratic speed dependence of line width and shift
- Correlation: velocity-rotational state-changing collisions

Hartmann-Tran profile (HTp)

+ Line mixing

HT + LM profile

The Hartmann-Tran (HT) profile

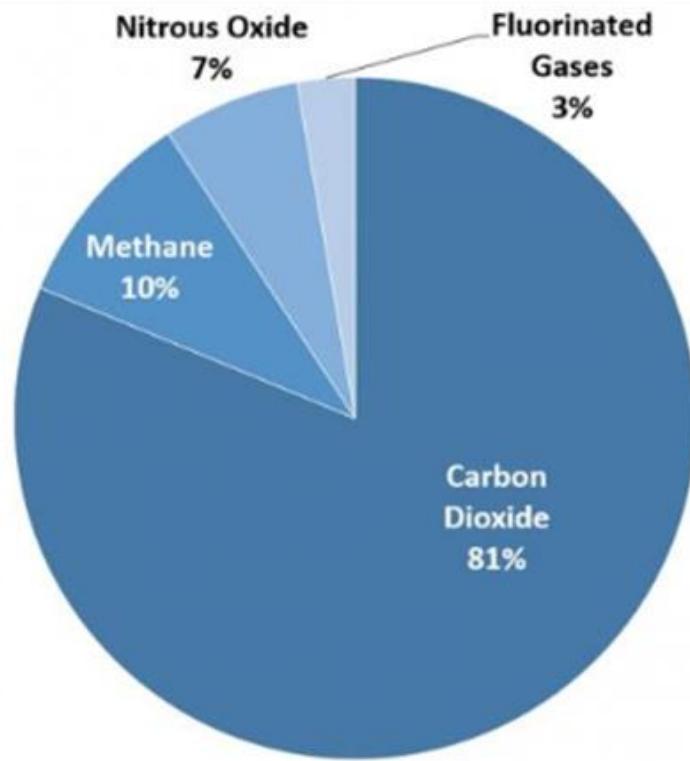
→ the new reference line-shape model for high resolution atmospheric remote sensing

→ remaining problems

- Be tested with a limited number of measurements: relevant parameters are not available for many lines of various molecular systems
- Huge amount of works has to be done for laboratory experiments under atmospheric temperature and pressure conditions to deduce HTp parameters for atmospheric applications

Considered molecules

Overview of Greenhouse Gas Emissions in 2018



→ CO_2
→ N_2O
→ H_2O

Objectives of Research

- Accurate predictions of molecular line shapes for atmospheric pressure and temperature conditions for CO₂, N₂O, CH₃Cl and H₂O
- Combination of simulations and a limited number of measurements to generate parameters of the HTp for high precision remote sensing; The measurements are used to validate the prediction.

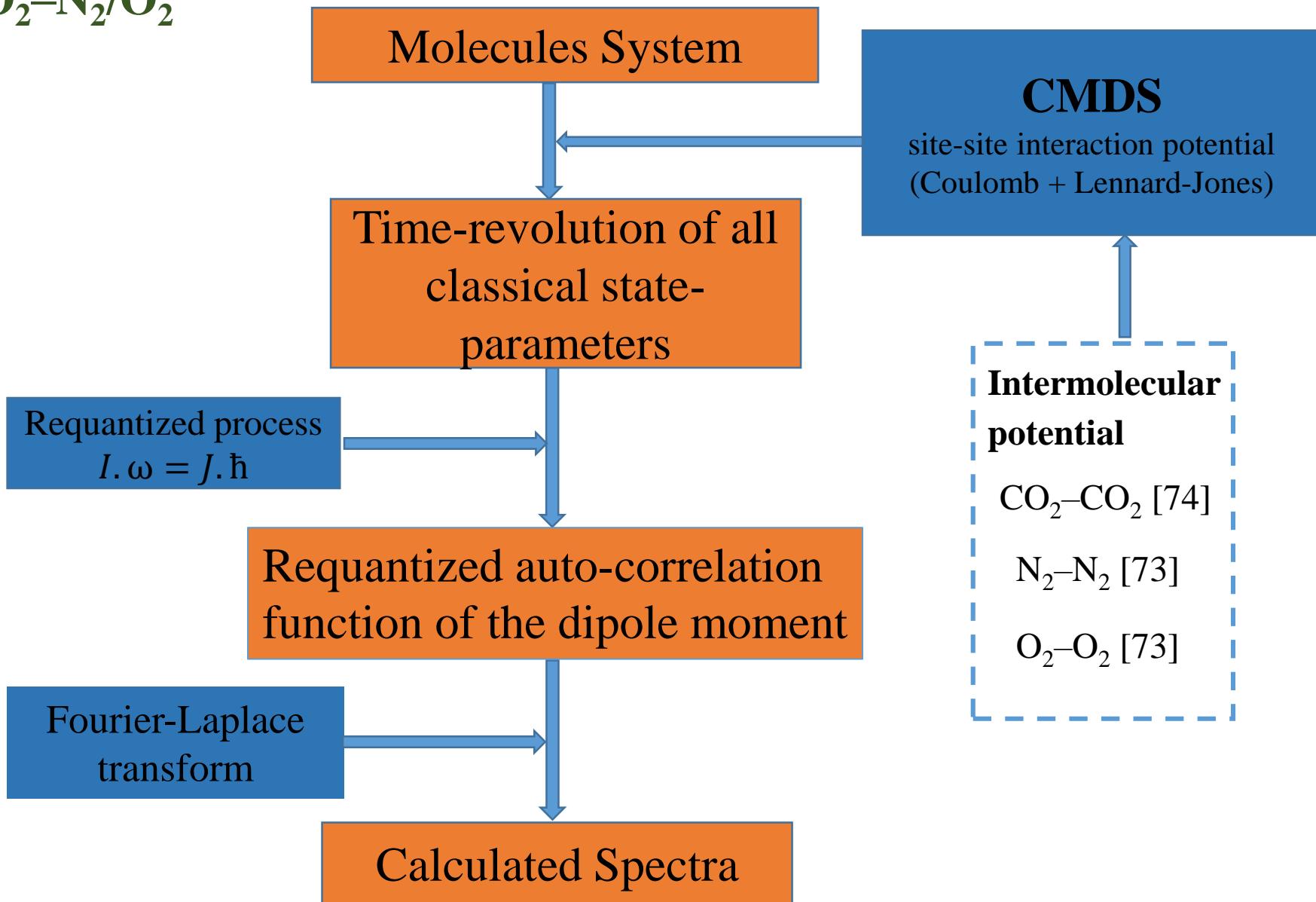
Method of the research

- * **Simulations:** Using re-quantized classical molecular dynamic simulations to directly predict the spectral line shapes by Fourier transformation of the dipole autocorrelation function.
- * **Analysis method:** Multi-fitting with HTp and its limited models (Voigt, speed-dependent Voigt, Nelkin–Ghatak, **speed dependent Nelkin–Ghatak**)
- * **Comparison** between measured data and predicted parameters → strategy to complete HTp data for remote sensing application.

Considered molecular system	Temperature ranges	Pressure	Line-shape models used	Line-shape parameters
CO₂-N₂	200, 250, 296K	1 atm with 50% of CO ₂	HTp + LM and its limited line-shape models	- $\gamma_0, \gamma_2, \beta, \xi$ - $n\gamma_0, n\gamma_2, n\beta, n\xi$
CO₂-O₂	200, 250, 296, 350K			
CO₂-air	200, 250, 296K			
N₂O-air	200, 250, 296K	1 atm with 50% of N ₂ O		

Table 1: Information of molecular systems have been considered

Requantized Classical Molecular Dynamics Simulations for CO₂-N₂/O₂



Calculated Spectra (rCMDSS)

Analysis procedure

Multi-fitting by sdNG+LM

Predicted parameters

γ_0
Line-broadening

γ_2
Speed-dependence of
line-width

β
Dick narrowing

ζ
Line-mixing

$$A(T) = A(T_0) \left(\frac{T_0}{T} \right)^{n_A}$$

n_{γ_0}

n_{γ_2}

n_{β}

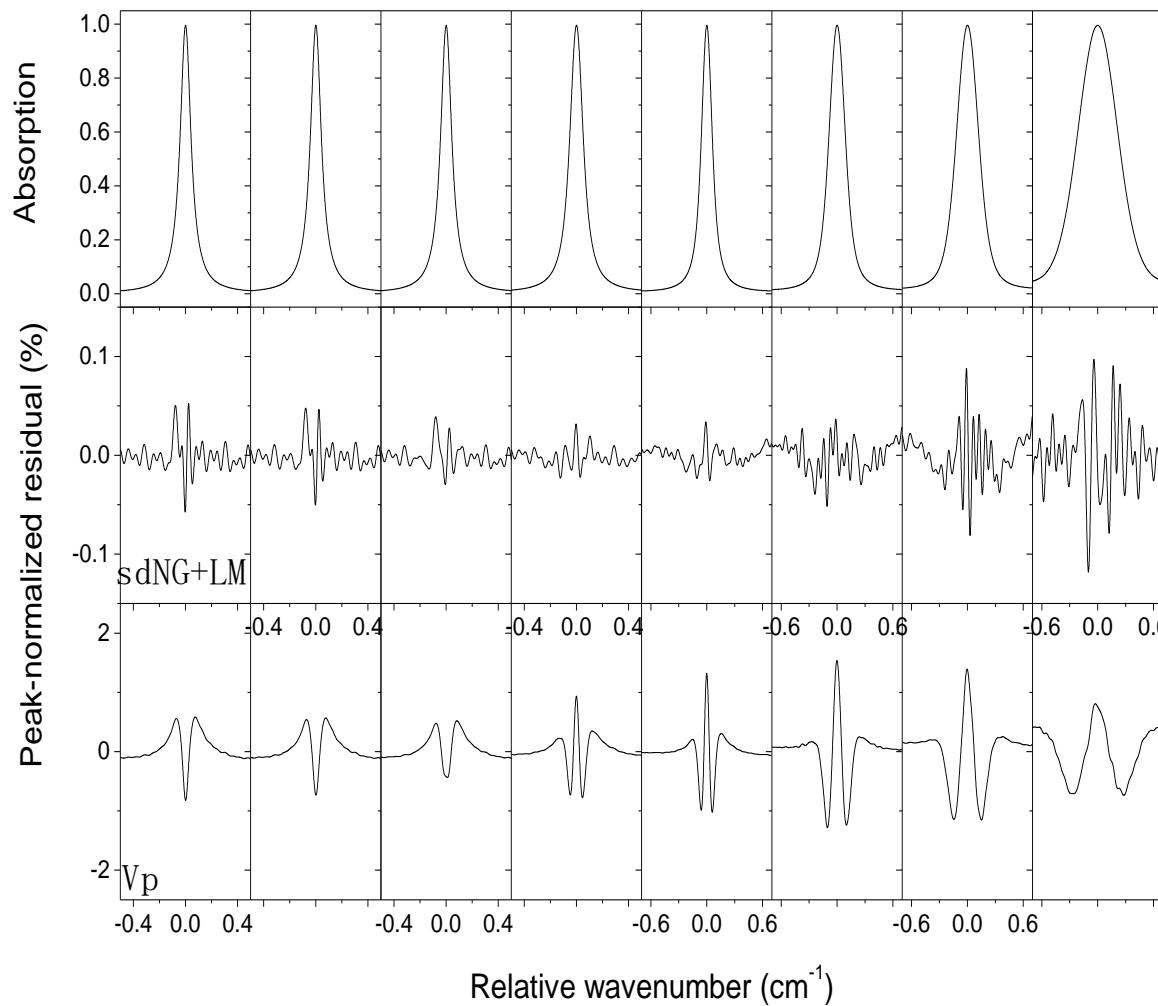
n_{ζ}

Results and discussions

- **rCMDs-calculated spectra**
- **The line-shape parameters and their temperature dependences**
 - Line broadening coefficients
 - The speed dependence of the line width
 - The Dicke narrowing parameter
 - The first-order line-mixing parameter

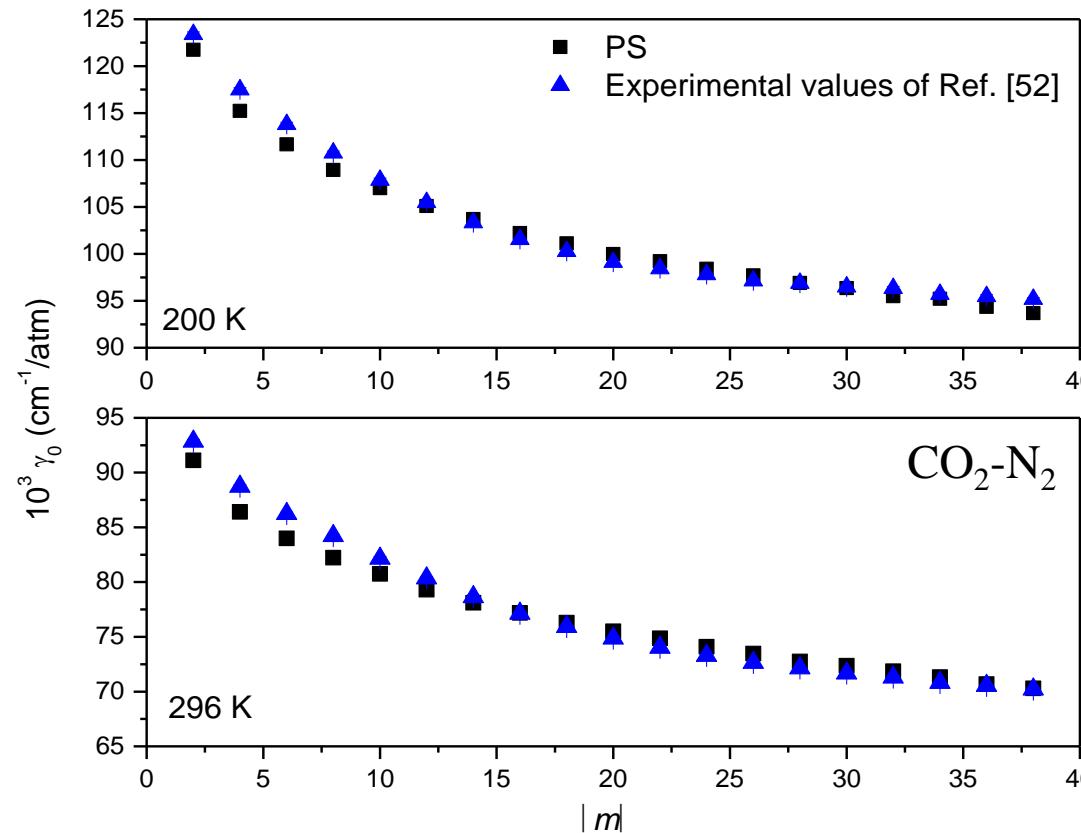
rCMDs-calculated spectra

P(10) of CO₂-N₂ at 200K



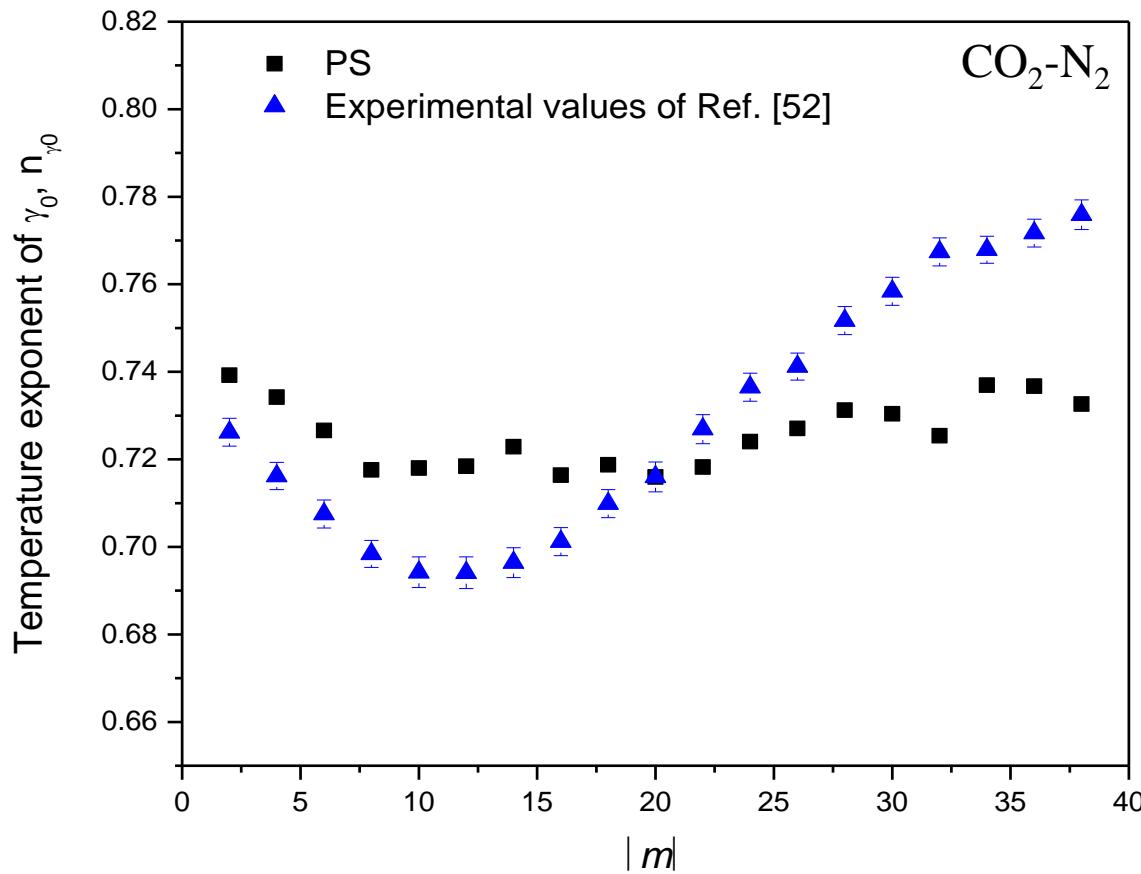
very good fits (residual ~ 0.1%)
sdNG+LM can be used to analyze the spectra

The line-broadening coefficient and its temperature dependence



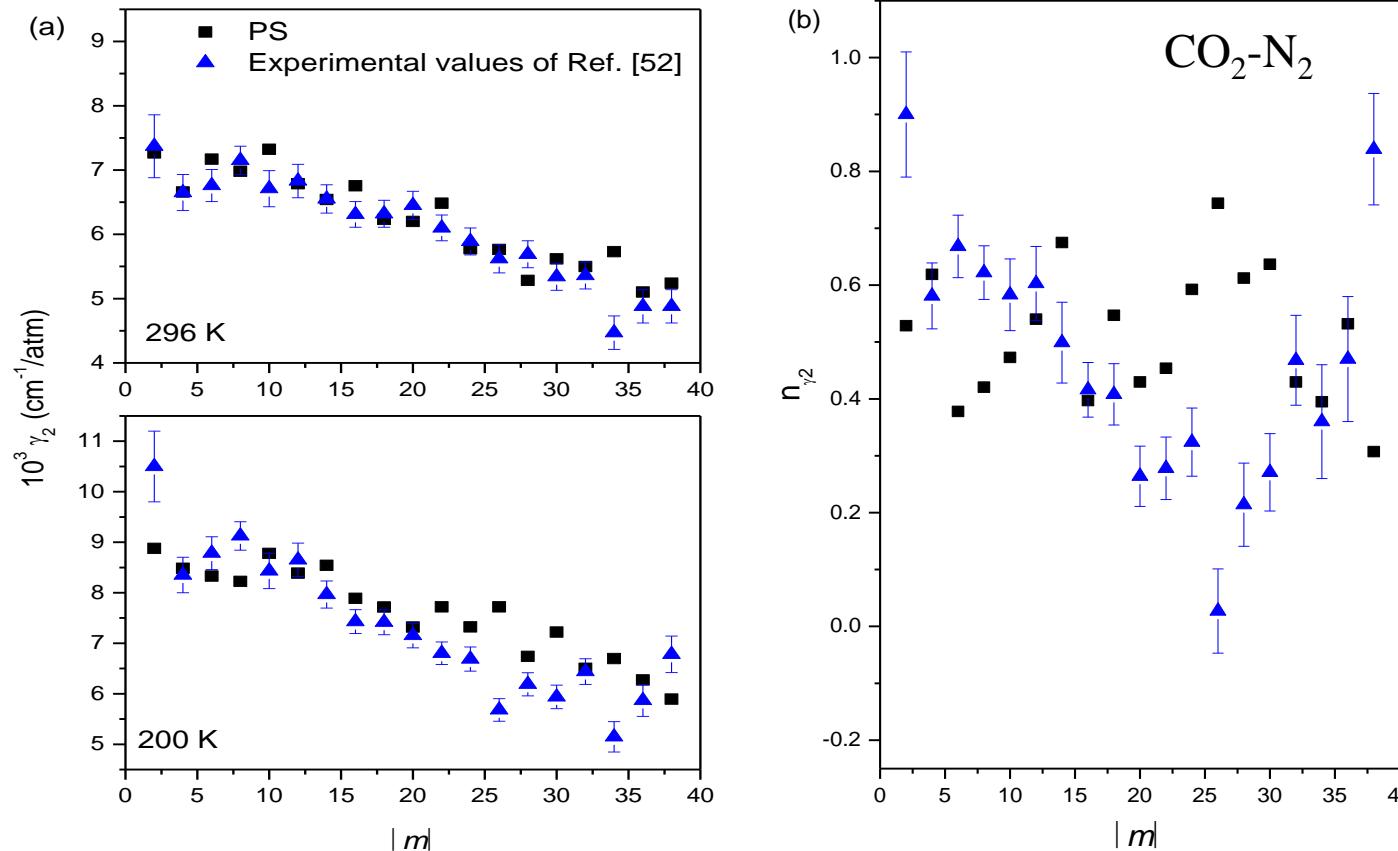
- very good agreement with [52] for both 200 and 296K
- The averaged differences: 0.9 (± 0.6) % (at 200 K); 1.1 (± 0.8) % (at 296 K)

The line-broadening coefficient and its temperature dependence



→ “non-smooth” → limited signal-to-noise ratio; considered temperatures

The speed dependence of the line width and its temperature dependence



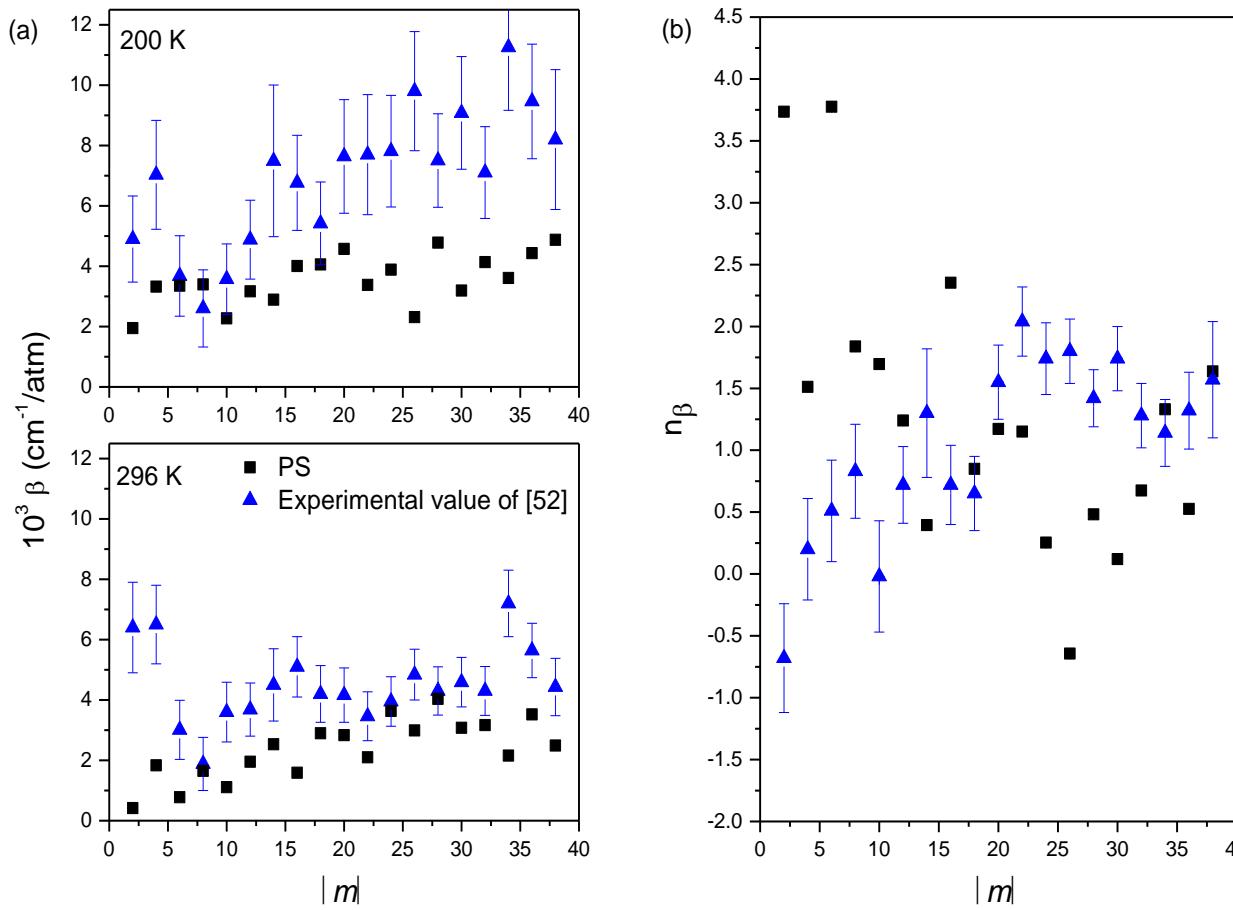
→ very good agreement with [52]

→ The averaged differences

- * γ_2 : 10% (200 K); 5% (296 K)

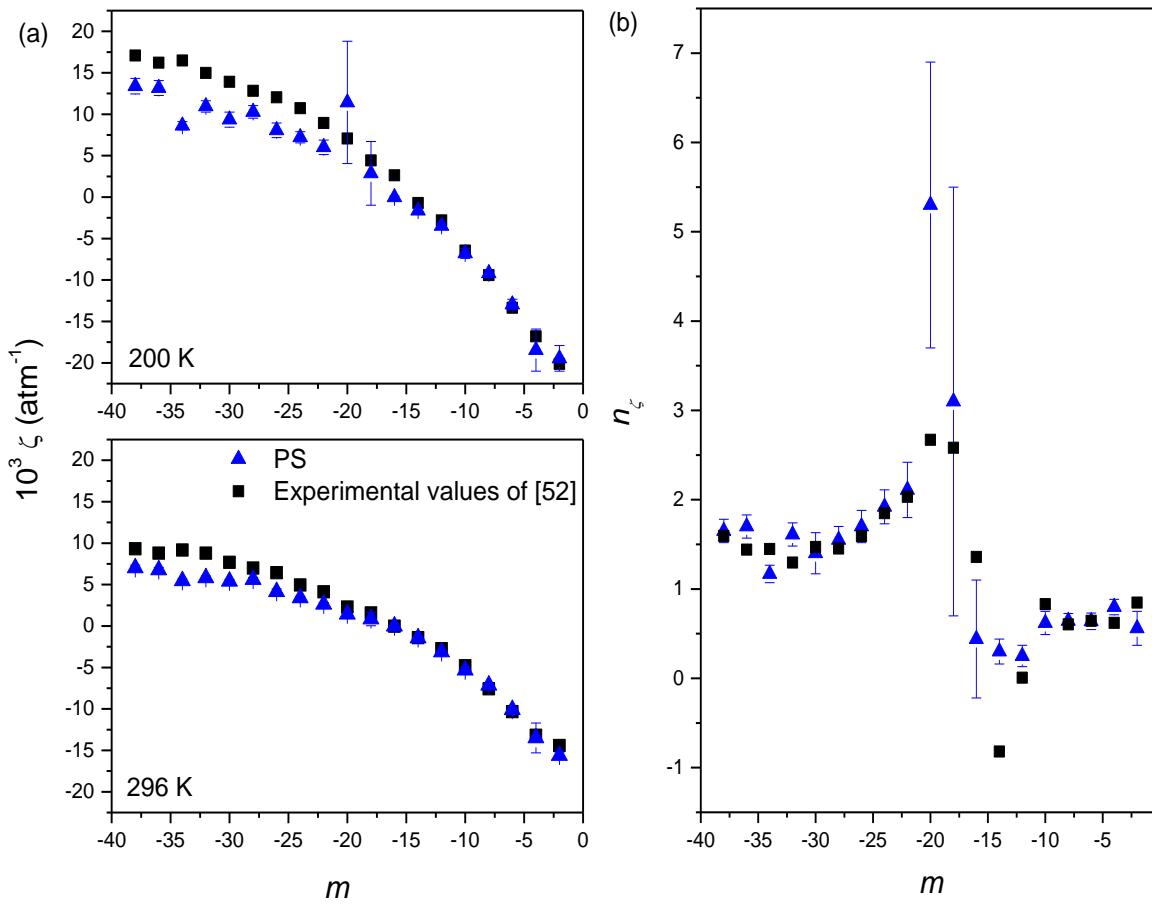
- * n_{γ_2} : 0.46 (200K); 0.51 (296K)

The Dicke narrowing parameter and its temperature dependence



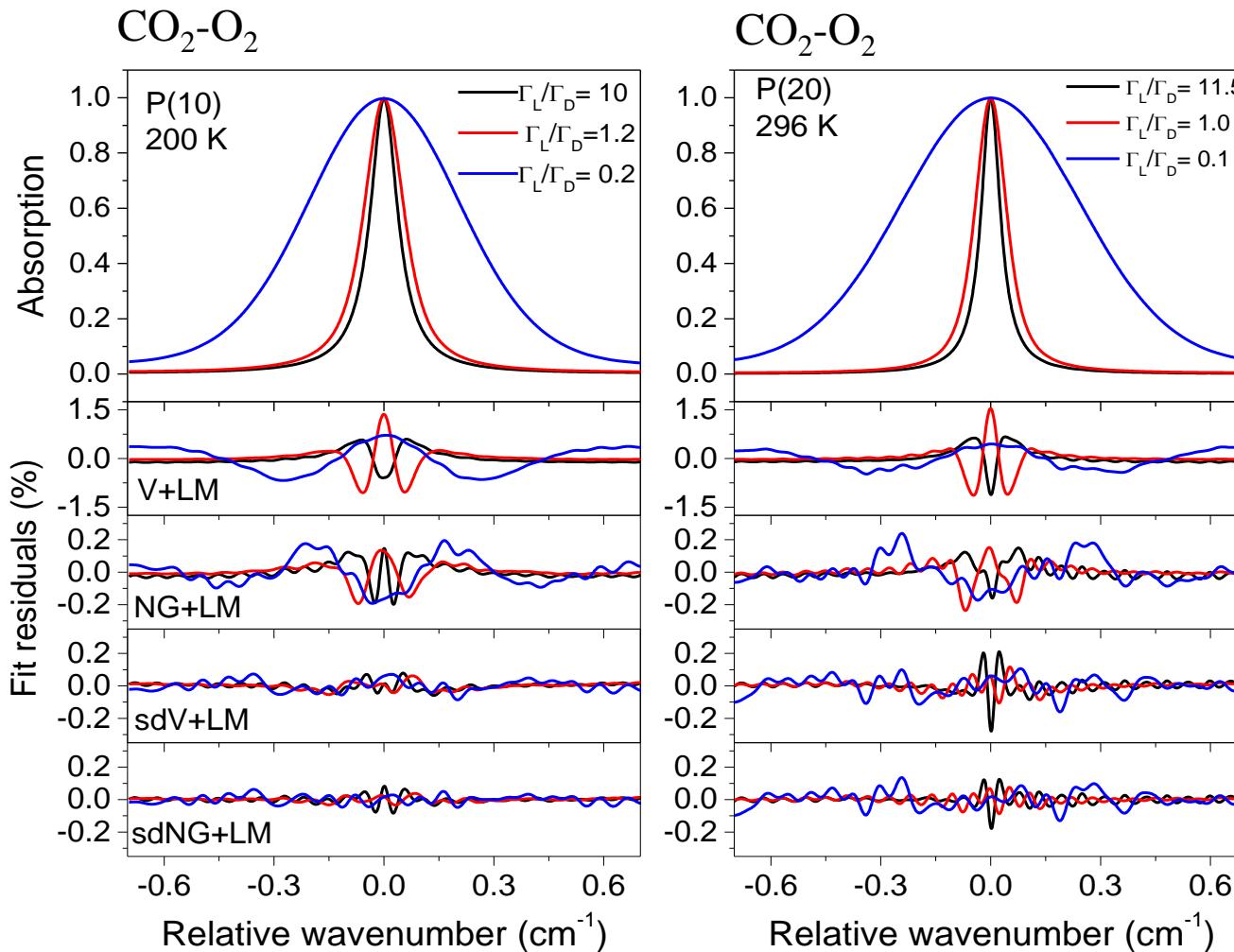
→ $\beta_{\text{cal}} < \beta_{[52]}$
 → rather in good agreement.

Results for CO₂/N₂ The first-order line-mixing parameter and its temperature dependence



→very good agreement with [52]

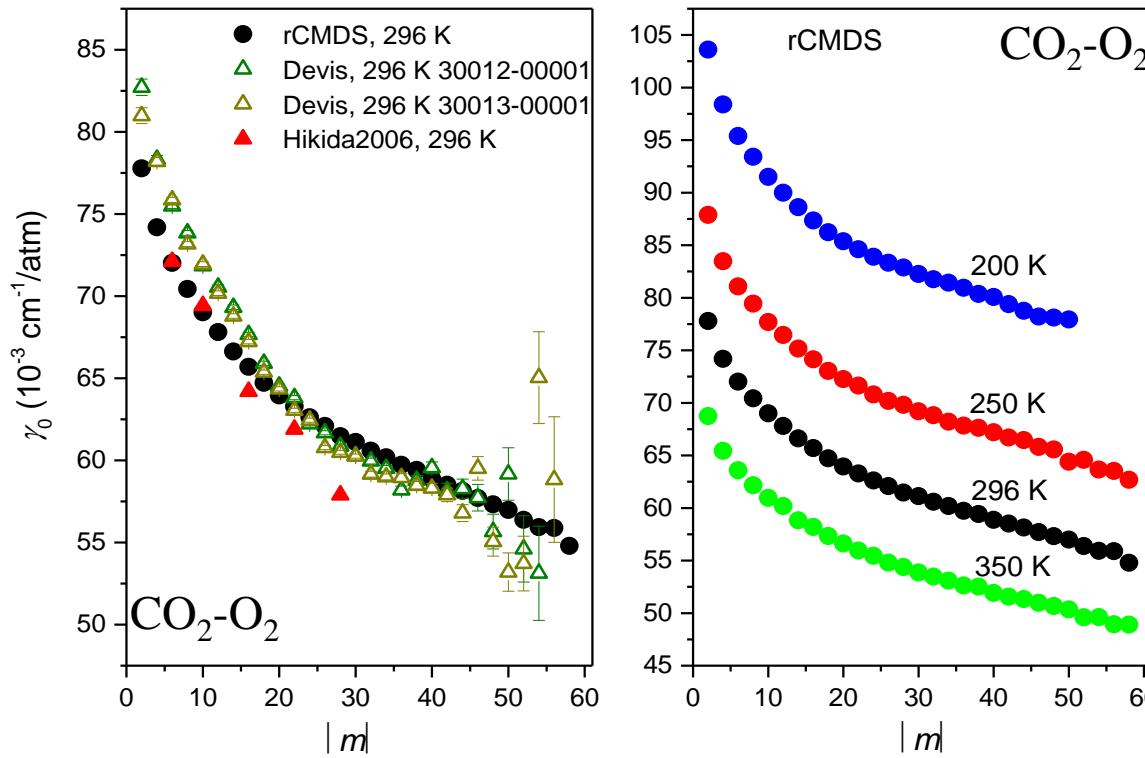
Results for CO₂-O₂/air rCMDs-calculated spectra



sdNG+LM can be used to analyze the spectra

Results for CO₂-O₂/air

The line-broadening coefficient and its temperature dependence



→ rather good agreement with measured results

(average difference $\sim 2\%$)

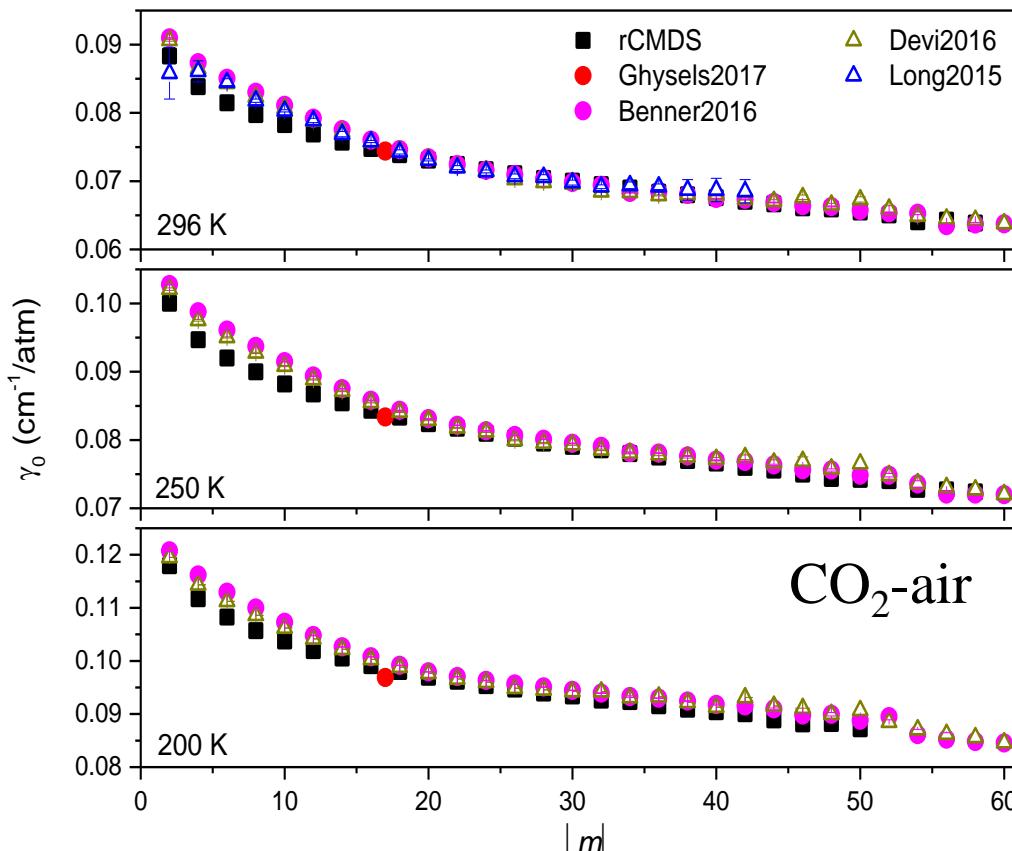
→ the difference: due to the different used models

[77] Dexi VM, Benner DC, Miller CE, Predoi-Cross A. J Quant Spectrosc Radiat Transf 2010;111:2355–69.
12/17/2020

[78] Hikida T, Yamada KMT. J Mol Spectrosc 2006;239:154–9.

Results for CO₂-O₂/air

The line-broadening coefficient and its temperature dependence



$$\gamma_0^{air}(T) = 0.79\gamma_0^{N2}(T) + 0.21\gamma_0^{O2}(T)$$

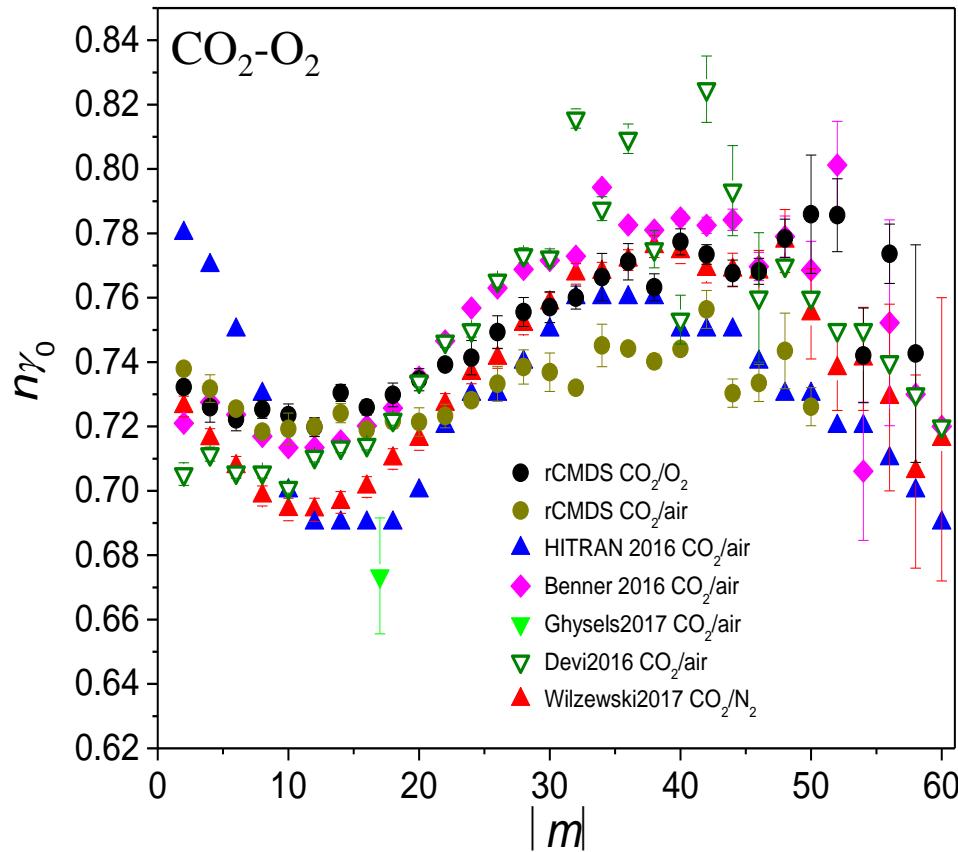
→good agreement with the predictions

- [56] V. M. Devi, D. C. Benner, K. Sung, L. R. Brown, T. J. Crawford, C. E. Miller, B. J. Drouin, V. H. Payne, S. Yu, M. A. H. Smith, A. W. Mantz, and R. R. Gamache, *J. Quant. Spectrosc. Radiat. Transfer* **177**, 117 (2016).
- [65] Long DA, Wojtewicz S, Miller CE, Hodges JT. *J Quant Spectrosc Rad Transf* 2015;161:35–40.

- [66] Benner DC, Devi VM, Sung K, et al. *J Mol Spectrosc* 2016;326:31–47.
- [68] Ghysels M, Liu Q, Fleisher AJ, Hodges JT. *Appl Phys B* 2017;123-124:1–13.

Results for CO₂-O₂/air

The line-broadening coefficient and its temperature dependence



→ predicted values O₂: quite close to air-broadening values

→ air-broadening: good agreement (7-8%)

→ rCMDS can be fully used to predict the temperature dependences

[56] V. M. Devi, D. C. Benner, K. Sung, L. R. Brown, T. J. Crawford, C. E. Miller, B. J. Drouin, V. H. Payne, S. Yu, M. A. H. Smith, A. W. Mantz, and R. R. Gamache, *J. Quant. Spectrosc. Radiat. Transfer* **177**, 117 (2016).

[66] Benner DC, Devi VM, Sung K, et al. *J Mol Spectrosc* 2016;326:31–47.

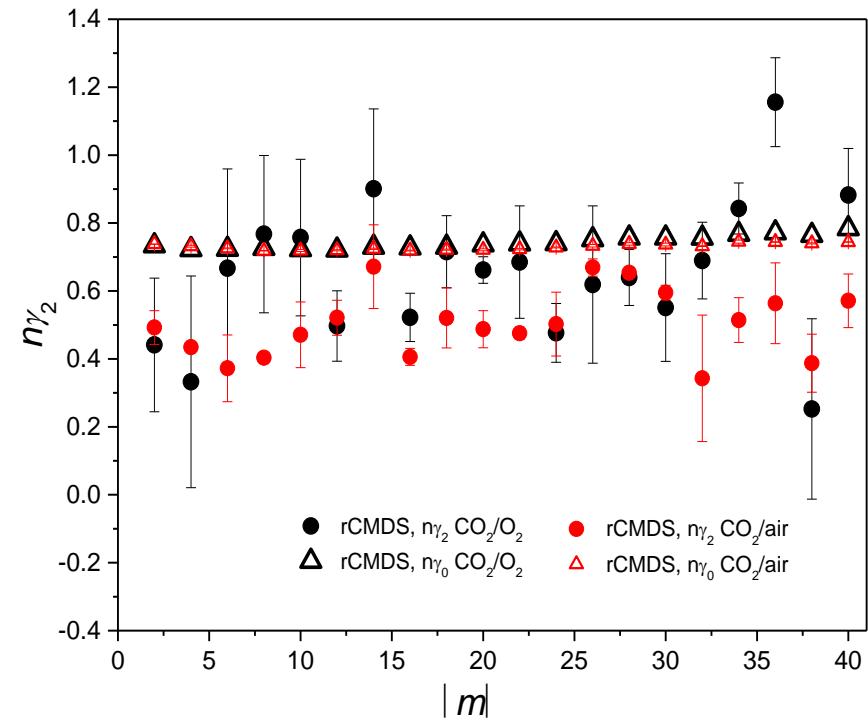
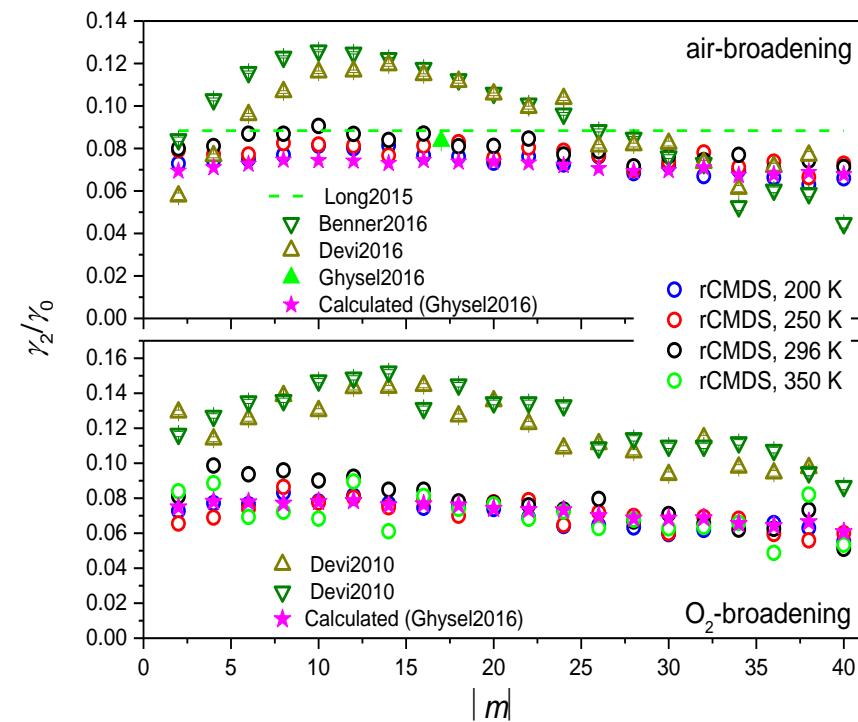
[68] Ghysels M, Liu Q, Fleisher AJ, Hodges JT. *Appl Phys B* 2017;123-124:1–13.

[69] Wilzewski JS, Birk M, Loos J, Wagner G. *J Quant Spectrosc Rad Transf* 2018;206:296–305.

[79] Gordon IE, ... The HITRAN2016 molecular spectroscopic database. *J Quant Spectrosc Radiat Transf* 2017;203:3–69. doi:10.1016/j.jqsrt. 2017.06.038.

Results for CO₂-O₂/air

The speed dependence of the line width and its temperature dependence

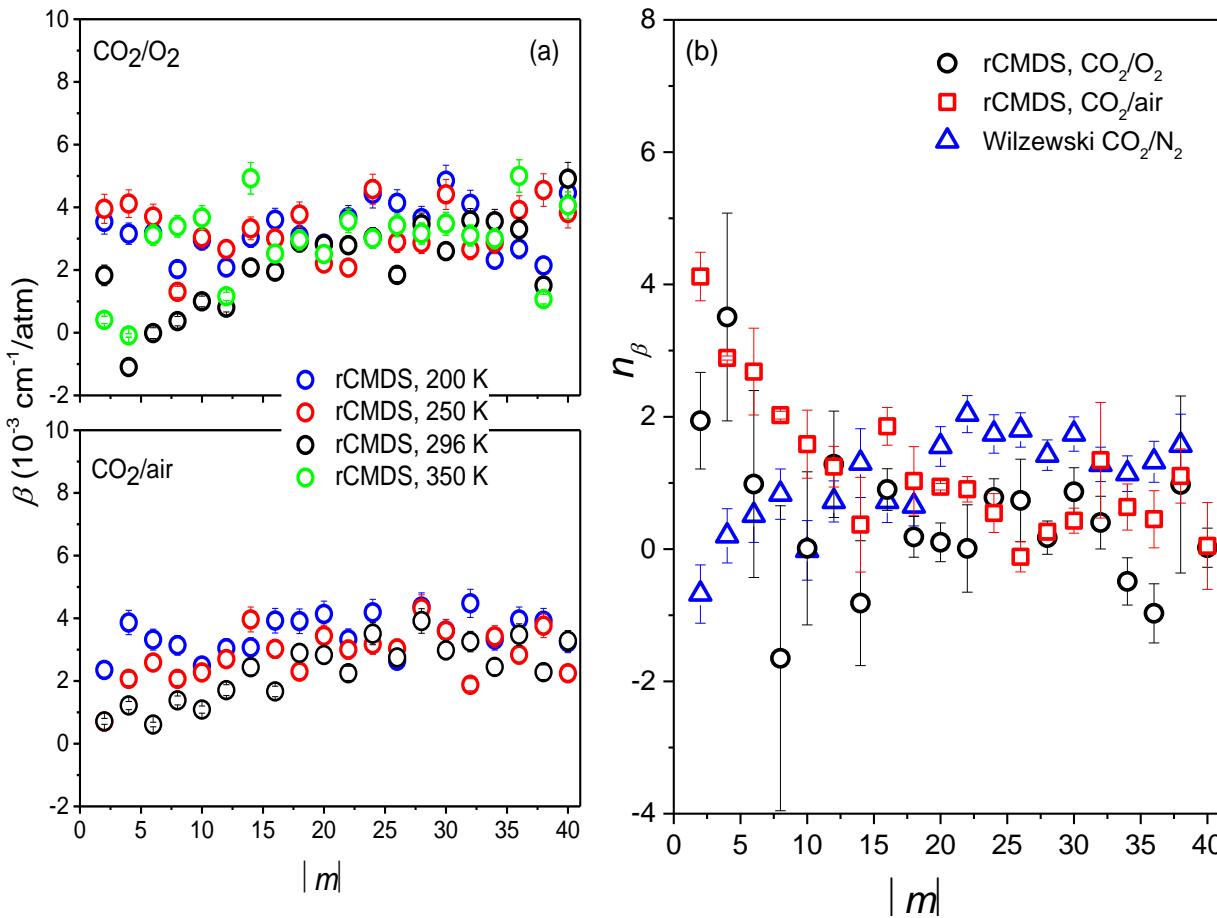


→ CO₂/O₂: rather good agreement

→ CO₂/air: slightly underestimates

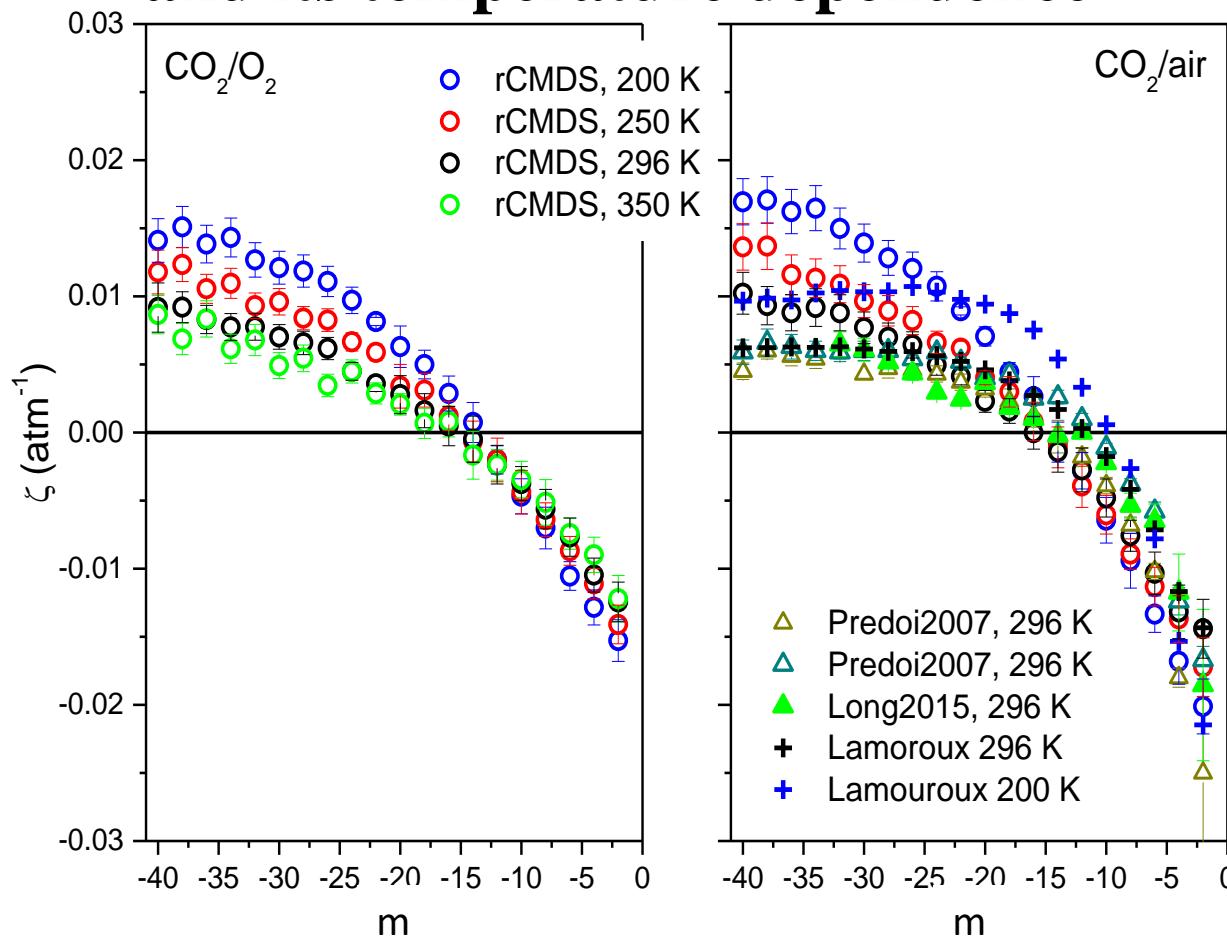
→ CO₂-air: $n_{\gamma_2} < n_{\gamma_0}$

Results for CO₂-O₂/air The Dicke narrowing parameter and its temperature dependence



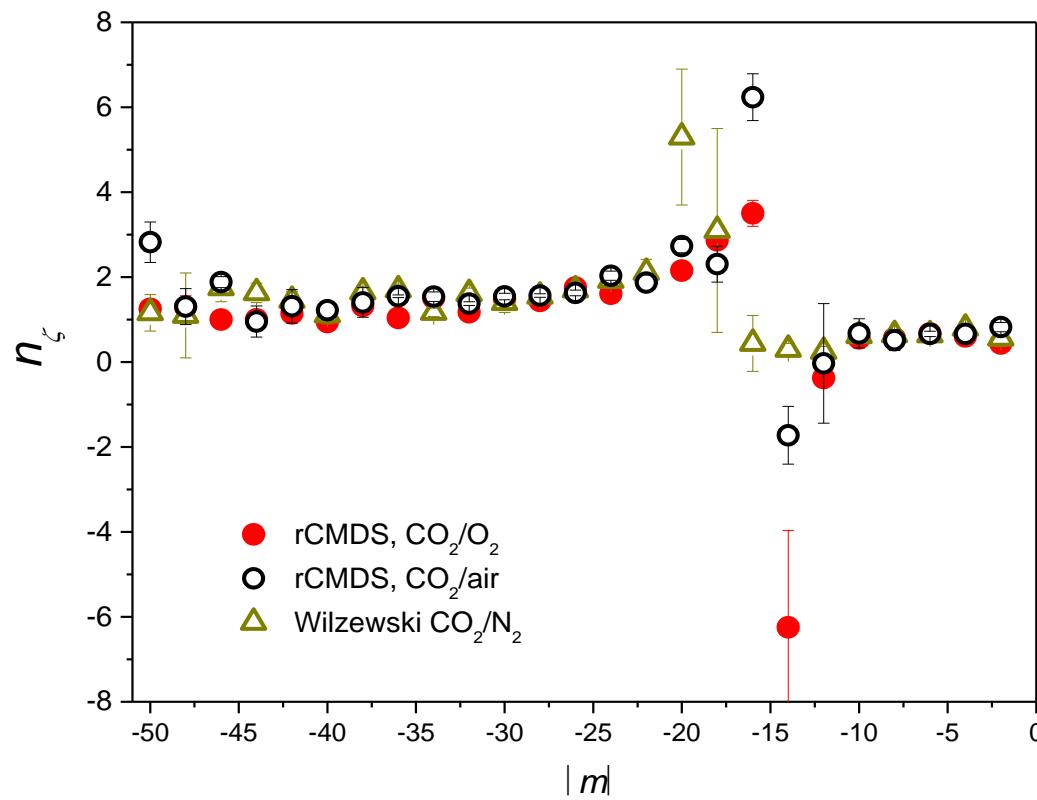
- β : rather small compared to γ_0 and γ_2 → be influenced by the signal to noise ratio
- n_β : large error bars

The first-order line-mixing parameter and its temperature dependence



- $|m| \leq 30$: very good agreement
- higher $|m|$: the rCMDS > measured/calculated values
- The difference: due to requantization scheme

The first-order line-mixing parameter and its temperature dependence



- no significant difference between n_ζ for O₂- and air-broadening
- good agreement with [69] for CO₂-N₂

Conclusions

- Using rCMDS to simulate spectra of molecular systems for CO₂
- Using HTp and its limited models to analyze simulated spectra
- Obtained parameters are good agreement with other results from measured data
- This method can be used to predict line-shape parameters for other linear molecules
- Similar study on N₂O-air have been considered; a paper has been prepared
- Continue working with CH₃Cl and H₂O in the near future

Scientific activities

1. Vietnam School of Earth Observation 2018 – Rencontres du Vietnam-USTH-CNES (2018)

Poster: “Precise predictions of H₂O line shapes over a wide pressure range using simulations corrected by a single measurement”

2. The 10th international conference on photonics and applications (**ICPA-10**)

Poster:

- “New intensity measurements of Carbon Dioxide in the 1.6μm region”
- “Model Keilson-Storer and the spectroscopic parameters in the near-infrared of the pure water vapor with Hartmann-Tran profile”

3. Doctoral Day 2019-USTH

Oral talk: “Precise modelling of the infrared spectra of carbon dioxide and of water vapor for atmospheric remote sensing”

4. HRMS 2019, 2019 - Dijon, France

Poster:

- “Precise predictions of H₂O line shape over a wide pressure range using simulations corrected by a single measurement”
- “Prediction of line shape parameters and their temperature dependences for CO₂-air using molecular dynamics simulations”

5. The 11th international conference on photonics and applications (**ICPA-11**)

Poster: “Prediction of air-broadened N₂O lines using classical molecular dynamics simulations”

Papers published

1. N.H. Ngo, **H.T. Nguyen**, H. Tran, *Precise predictions of H_2O line shapes over a wide pressure range using simulations corrected by a single measurement*, Journal of Quantitative Spectroscopy & Radiative Transfer 207 (2018) 16–22.
2. **H. T. Nguyen**, N. H. Ngo, and H. Tran. *Prediction of line shapes parameters and their temperature dependences for CO_2-N_2 using molecular dynamics simulations*, J. Chem. Phys. 149, 224301 (2018)
3. **H. T. Nguyen**, N. H. Ngo, and H. Tran. *Line-shape parameters and their temperature dependences predicted from molecular dynamics simulations for O_2^- and air-broadened CO_2 lines*, J. Chem. Phys. 242, 106729 (2020)

02 papers on ICPA-10

1. **Nguyen Thi Huyen Trang**, Le Cong Tuong, Ngo Ngoc Hoa; *Model Kelson-Storer and the spectroscopic paramters in the near-infrared of pure water vapor*. Advances in Optics Photonics Spectroscopy and Applications X; 2019; 125
2. Ngo Ngoc Hoa, P.Chelin, X. Landsheere, M. Schwell, **Nguyen Thi Huyen Trang**, Le Cong Tuong. *New measurements of Carbon Dioxide absorption in the 1.6micrometer region*. Advances in Optics Photonics Spectroscopy and Applications X; 2019; 25

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!